

## Food Safety for Preparing Food

## **Four Steps to Food Safety**

- Clean Wash hands and surfaces often.
- **Separate** Don't cross-contaminate.
- **Cook** Cook to the right temperature.
- Chill Refrigerate promptly.





## 1. Clean

- Wash your hands frequently with soap and water.
  - Before and after preparing food.
- Clean and then sanitize sinks, surfaces and utensils.
  - Clean with warm soap and water.
  - Sanitize with a sanitizing solution.

## 2. Separate

- Keep raw meat, poultry, seafood and eggs separate.
- Use **separate plates and utensils** for raw and cooked foods.
- Store raw meat and poultry below other foods in coolers, refrigerators and freezers.



# 145 °F\* STEAKS 145 °F\* PORK CHOPS 165 °F CHICKEN 160 °F REEF

## 3.Cook

Cook all foods to a safe internal temperature as measured by a food thermometer.

- Beef, pork, lamb and veal (steaks, roasts and chops): 145°F with a three-minute rest time.
- Ground meats (beef, pork, lamb and veal): 160°F.
- Poultry (whole, parts and ground poultry): 165°F.
- Fish and seafood: 145°F.
- Reheat leftovers to 165°F.

## 4. Chill

Danger Zone - between 40 - 140°F.

- Perishable foods must be chilled within 2 hours; otherwise, throw away.
- Use all refrigerated leftovers within 3 to 4 days.

# Make sure to keep food safety in mind when transporting food.

## Keep Hot Foods Hot

- Keep at 140°F or warmer.
- Travel with hot foods in insulated warming bags.
- Store hot food in slow cookers, chafing dishes or a warm oven until ready to serve.

## Keep Cold Foods Cold

- Keep at 40°F or cooler.
- Travel with foods in coolers packed with ice.
- Keep cold food on ice, in coolers or in the refrigerator until ready to serve.
- Serve small amounts at a time.



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## **Food Storage Tips**

	PANTRY	REFRIGERATOR	FREEZER
TEMP RANGE	Above freezing (32°F) and below 90°F	40°F or below (Retail fridges approx. 26°F)	0°F or below
TIPS	Safest at room temperature (60-70°F)	Don't store perishables in the refrigerator door	Safest to thaw frozen foods in the refrigerator
WHEN TO DISCARD	<ul> <li>Discard cans that have large dents, rust, or are swollen or bulging.</li> <li>Discard packages that are torn or have holes in the packaging.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discard perishable foods that have begun to spoil.</li> <li>They may develop an off-odor, flavor or texture due to spoilage bacteria.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Frozen foods are safe in the freezer indefinitely.</li> <li>Quality of some frozen foods can begin to decrease after 1-2 mo.</li> </ul>

Contact Information				
FoodSafety.gov: The federal gateway for food safety information				
USDA Food Safety and	U.S. Food and Drug	State and Local Health		
Inspection Service	Administration	Departments		
	FDA Food Code (2017)			
USDA Meat and Poultry Hotline	www.fda.gov/foodcode	Find your state agency:		
1-888-MP-Hotline	Also lists retail and food service	https://www.cdc.gov/publicheal		
(1-888-674-6854)	codes and regulations by State	thgateway/healthdirectories/he		
		<u>althdepartments.html</u>		
M – F   10 AM – 6 PM ET	FDA Safe Food Hotline			
https://ask.usda.gov/	1-888-SAFEFOOD	OR		
Chat and FAQs available	M – F   10 AM – 4 PM ET			
	https://www.fda.gov/food/resourc	Search for your county's		
Email: MPHotline@usda.gov	es-you-food/industry-and-	Environmental Health Dept.		
	<u>consumer-assistance-cfsan</u>			

## Food Safety and COVID-19: Best Practices

### <u>CDC recommends</u> the following preventive actions for everyone: Avoid close contact with people who are Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 sick. seconds. After going to the bathroom; before eating; after **Avoid** touching your eyes, nose and mouth. blowing your nose, coughing or sneezing. Stay home when you are sick. o If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol. **Cover your cough or sneeze** with a tissue; o Always wash hands with soap and water if hands are throw the tissue in the trash. visibly dirty. CDC does not recommend that people who are well wear a facemask to protect themselves from respiratory diseases, including COVID-19. You should only wear a mask if a healthcare professional recommends it.

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